

En el parque de animales

Pupils should learn:

- To count from 1 to 39
- To understand the new numbers 16-39 and use them out of sequence

verbs	nouns	adjectives	[frequency]
dieciséis [3373]	tengo [17]	uno [425] (un/una [6])	
diecisiete [3430]	tienes [17]	dos [64]	
dieciocho [2730]	tiene [17]	tres [134]	
diecinueve [4232]		cuatro [241]	
veinte [819]		cinco [284]	
veintiuno [>5000]	el [1]	seis [438]	
veintidós [>5000]	número [324]	siete [603]	
veintitrés [>5000]		ocho [641]	
veinticuatro [4059]		nueve [991]	
veinticinco [2643]		diez [449]	
veintiséis [>5000]		once [1700]	
veintisiete [>5000]		doce [1138]	
veintiocho [>5000]		trece [2700]	
veintinueve [>5000]		catorce [2411]	
treinta [829]		quince [1215]	
y [4]			

- Practise numbers 1-15
- Use 16-31 dominoes to find out the new 10s and the new number patterns
- Number tennis
- Throw and catch while counting
- Counting worksheets
- Arithmetic in Spanish
- Roman numerals to practise the new numbers (<https://sellfy.com/ideaseducationltd/p/DRdg/>)
- Use *tengo/ tienes/ tiene* and number cards to practise the new numbers. (*¿Tienes el número 27?*)
- Children count out a number of counters or other small items and write the number in words on their miniwhiteboard (photo for evidence)

- Number flashcards
- Knowledge organiser
- Tennis racket (for number tennis)
- Counting sheets

	"I CAN"	I can <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count from 1 to 39 Use the numbers 1 to 39 out of sequence
	Pos	Listening: - Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding Speaking: - Engage in conversations - Communicate facts Writing: - Write at varying length (phrases) Grammar: - Key features and patterns of the language – formation of teens, 20s and 30s Language learning skills: - How the patterns, grammar and words of the new language are different from or similar to English – formation of numbers

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